Power and Harmonics Analyzer
Model 6830 + 6801/6802/3007
Users Manual

PROVA INSTRUMENTS INC.

CE EN 61010-2-032
CAT III 600V
Pollution Degree 2

Definition of Symbols:

⚠ Caution: Refer to Accompanying Documents

⚡ Caution: Risk of Electric Shock

▣ Double Insulation

Over-voltage category III (CAT III):

equipment in fixed installations.

> **WARNING:** If the power analyzer is used in a manner Not specified by the manufacturer, the protection Provided by the clamp meter may be impaired.

⚠ **Please read the following instructions before usage**

1. **Do not operate in wet or dusty environments.**

2. **Do not operate in presence of combustible or**

   explosive gas

3. **Do not touch exposed metal parts, unused terminals.**

4. **Consider the use of rubber glove in operation.**

5. **Do not operate in excess of AC 500V (Phase to Neutral),**

or AC 600V (Phase to Phase)

6. **Do not operate when the unit seems to be**

   mal-functioning

   ⚠️ **Do not use the flexible current probe before you read the following instructions.**

1. **Do not install the flexible current probe around bare conductors carrying a voltage from 30V to 600V unless you are wearing protective clothing and glove suitable for high-voltage work.**

2. **Always inspect and check for any damage of the current probe assembly before usage. Do not use the flexible current probe if any damage is found.**

3. **Do not use the flexible current probe on circuit rated higher than 600V in installation category III.**

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■ Power Factor (PF), Phase Angle (Φ)
■ Energy (WH, KWH, KVARH, PFH)
■ Current measurement from 0.1mA to 3000A, capable of analyzing IT standby power consumption to the maximum demand of a factory
■ Display of 35 Parameters in One Screen (3P4W)
■ Programmable CT (1 to 600) and PT (1 to 3000) Ratios
■ Display of Overlapped Voltage and Current Waveform
■ Average Demand (AD in W, KW, MW)
■ Maximum Demand (MD in KW, MW, KVA, MVA) with Programmable Period
■ Harmonic Analysis to the 99th Order
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■ Display of Waveform with Peak Values (1024 Samples / Period)
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■ Graphic Phasor Diagram with 3 Phase System Parameters
■ Capture 28 Transient Events (Time + Cycles) with Programmable Threshold (%)
■ DIP, SWELL, and OUTAGE are included in transient events.
■ 3 Phase Voltage or Current Unbalance Ratio (VUR, IUR)
■ 3 Phase Voltage or Current Unbalance Factor (d0%, d2%)
■ Calculated Unbalanced Current through Neutral Line (In)
■ 512K Memory with Programmable Interval (Sampling time from 2 to 3000 seconds, 17,000 records for 3P4W system)
■ Output of Waveform, Power Parameters and Harmonics at Command
■ Large Dot Matrix LCD Display with Backlight
■ Optical Isolated RS-232C to USB Interface
■ Built-in timer and calendar for data logging
■ **Option: 300XP Portable Thermal Printer**

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II. PANEL DESCRIPTION

6830
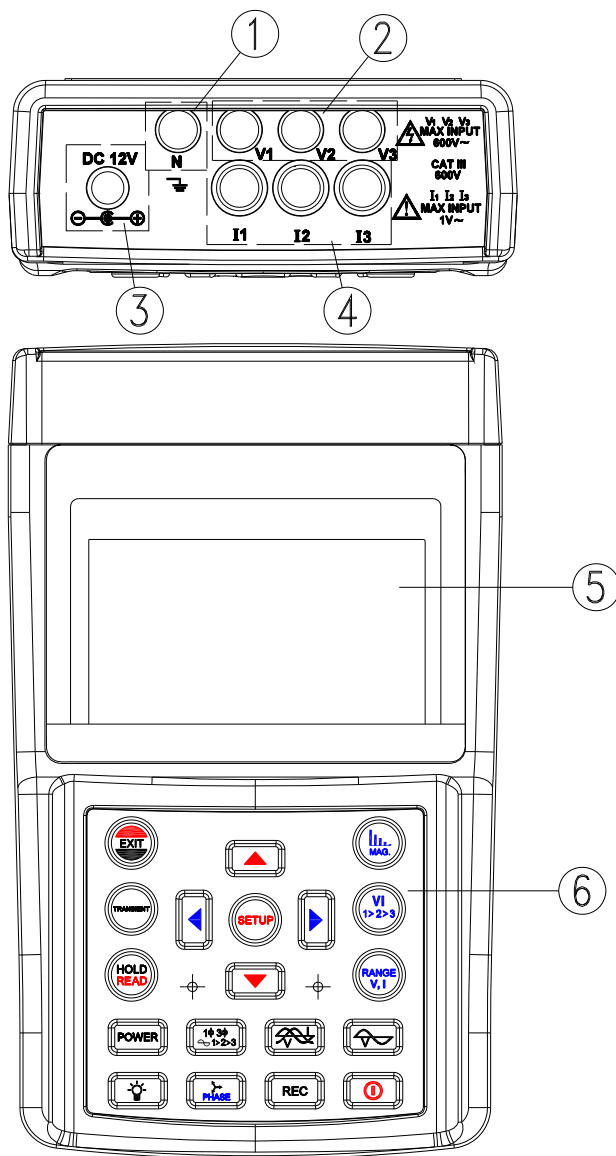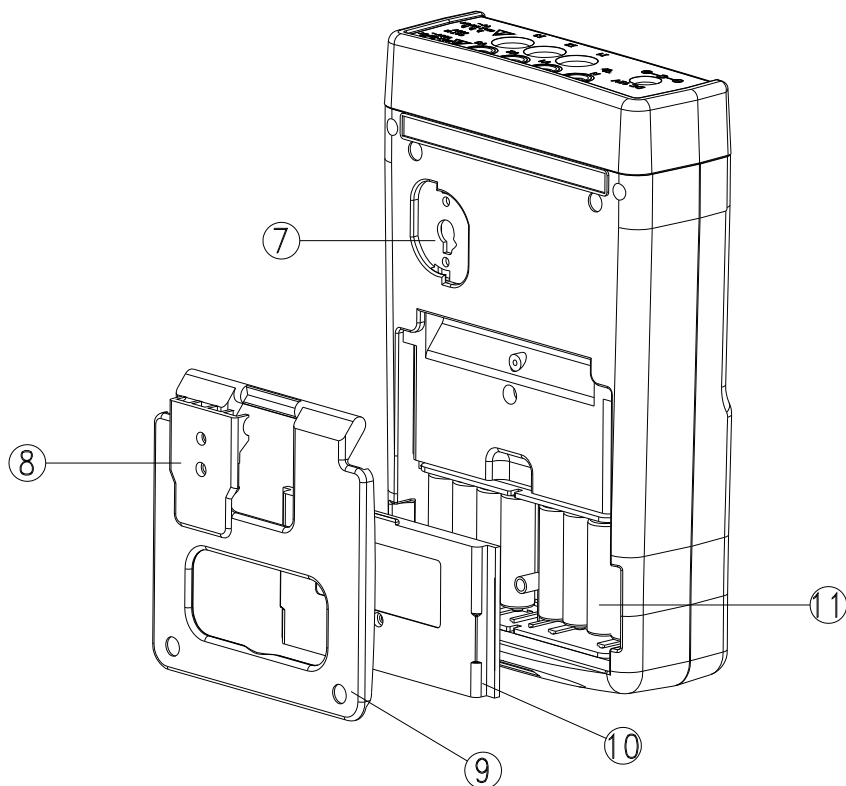
1. Input Terminal for Neutral Line (Voltage)
2. Voltage Input Terminals for Each Phase (V1, V2, V3)
3. External DC Input (The AC adaptor must be 600V isolated)
4. Current Input Terminals for Each Phase (I1, I2, I3)
5. LCD Display
6. Buttons
7. RS-232C Window
8. Stand Holder
9. Stand
10. Battery Cover
11. Battery Compartment
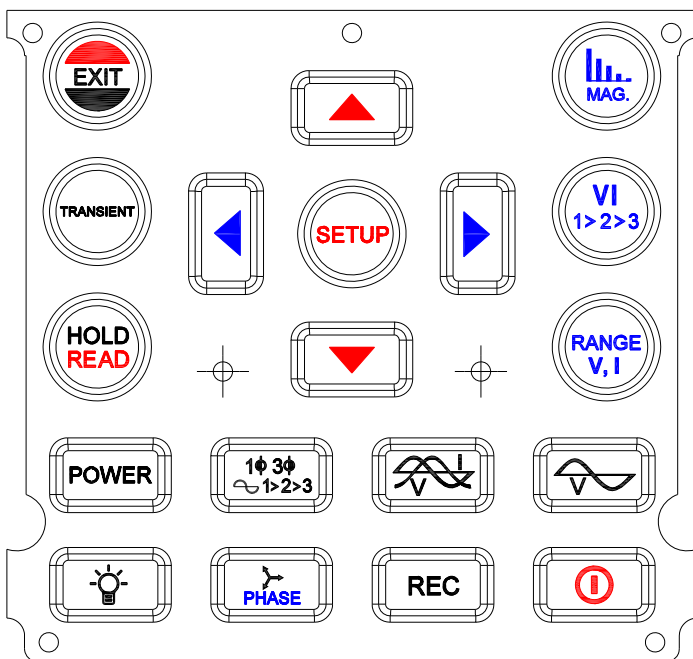
EXIT — Press this button to exit transient detection or to exit SETUP menu.

TRANSIENT — Press this button to perform transient detection.

HOLD READ — Press this button to hold the data displayed in LCD.   Press this button and then REC button to record the displayed data. Press HOLD button again to continue operation.

MAG. — Press this button to start measurement of harmonics in magnitude.
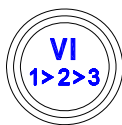
VI 1>2>3 Press this button to select V1, I1, V2, I2, V3, or I3 for harmonics analysis

RANGE V, I Press this button for the voltage or current input range

SETUP Press this button to enter SETUP mode and then select the parameter to be adjusted
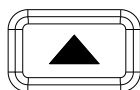
▲ Press this button to increment value by one. Hold the button for two seconds or more to speed up the increment.
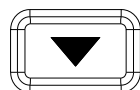
▼ Press this button to decrement value by one. Hold the button for two seconds or more to speed up the decrement.
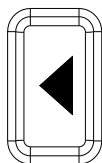
◀ In the mode of harmonic analysis, press this button to move the cursor left to the previous order.
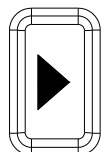
▶ In the mode of harmonic analysis, press this button to move the cursor right to the next order.

REC Press this button to start data logging.   Press it again to stop data logging. The sampling interval is displayed in LCD pointed by SEC indicator.
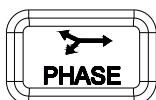
PHASE In the mode of power measurement, press this button to display the phasor diagram.   In the mode of harmonic analysis, press this button to display phase angle instead of magnitude.
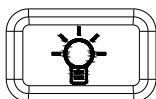
Press this button to turn the back light on.   Press it again to turn the back light off.

POWER parameters Press this button to start measurement of power
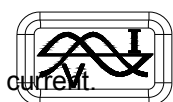
Press this button to display waveform of voltage and current.
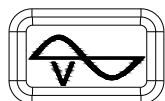
Press this button to display waveform of voltage only
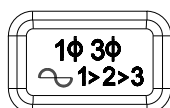
1φ 3φ 1>2>3 In the mode of power parameter measurement, press this button to select appropriate system (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P2W or 1P3W).   In the mode of displaying waveform, press

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this button to select (V1, I1), (V2, I2), or (V3, I3).
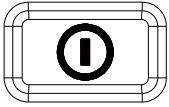
Press this button to turn the power on or off.

6801 Current Probe (100A)

1. Jaw Assembly
2. Trigger
3. Range Selector
4. 6 pin mini DIN connector


```
Down Load File: H 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ:    50
VT:    1
CT:    1
SEC:    2
CLAMP:  100
MD TIME:   15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP:    5%

Year  Month  Date  Hour  Minute  Second
2005    7     22    13     22      42
```
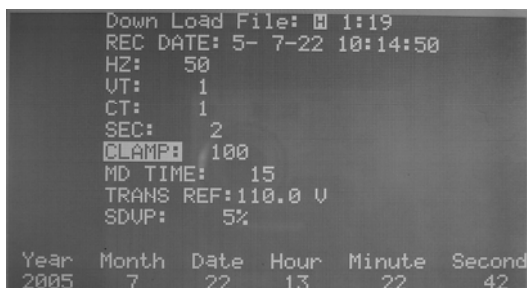
NOTE: To setup 100A current probe as selected probe, press the SETUP button to select CLAMP.   When the CLAMP is reverse video, press the ▲ or ▼ button to select 100.

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6802 Current Probe (1000A)
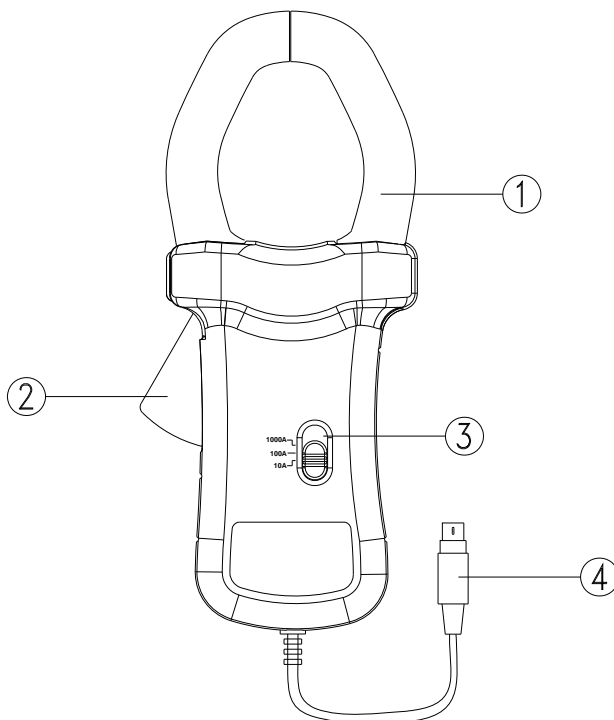
1. Jaw Assembly
2. Trigger
3. Range Selector
4. 6 pin mini DIN connector
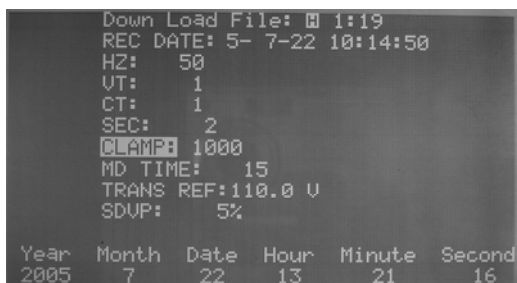
NOTE: To setup 1000A current probe as selected probe, press the SETUP button to select CLAMP.   When the CLAMP is reverse video, press the ▲ or ▼ button to select 1000.

3007 Current Probe (3000A)
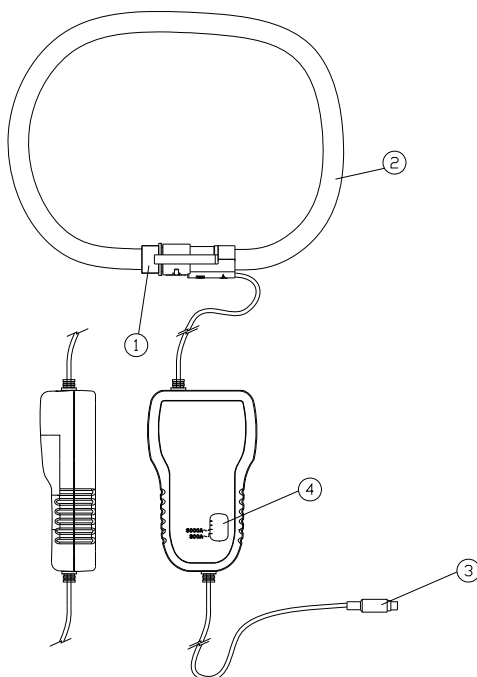
1. Coupling Assembly
2. Flexible Loop
3. Mini-DIN connector for Output
4. Output Range Select Switch


```
Down Load File: ▣ 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ:     50
VT:     1
CT:     1
SEC:    2
CLAMP: 3000
MD TIME:    15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP:    5%

Year  Month  Date  Hour  Minute  Second
2005    7     22    13     21      16
```

NOTE: To setup 3000A current probe as selected probe, press the SETUP button to select CLAMP.   When the CLAMP is reverse video, press the ▲ or ▼ button to select 3000.
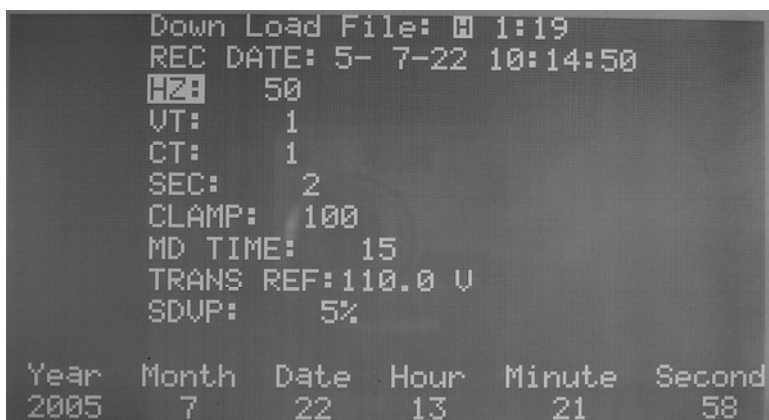
III. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE:
Select the correct CLAMP in the SETUP menu.   When the current probe is connected to the power analyzer, power analyzer will automatically detect the range selected.

NOTE:
Select the correct frequency (Hz) in the SETUP menu.

WARNING:
All the current probes connected to the power analyzer must be of the same model and same range.   Mixed models and different ranges selected will cause incorrect result of measurement.
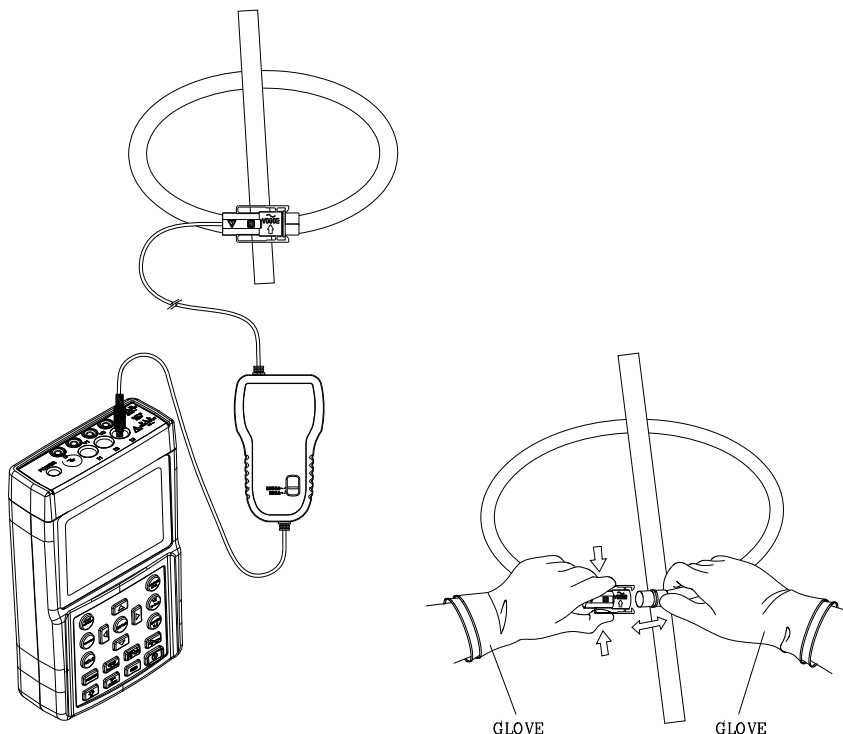
1. Connect the flexible probe around the conductor.
2. Make sure the current flowing direction is in consistent with the arrow marked on the probe coupling.   If the flexible current probe is connected in the right orientation, the correct phase will be displayed in the oscilloscope.
3. Keep the probe coupling more than 25mm away from the conductor.

WARNING: Always wear appropriate gloves in operation.

III.0. Set up before operation
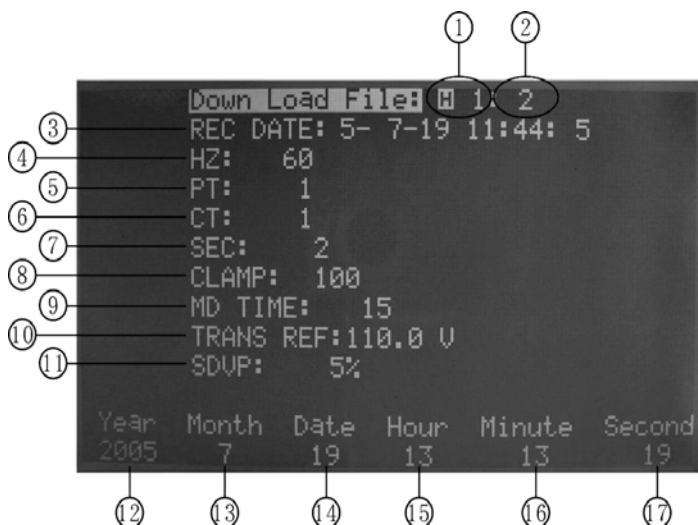
a. Press SETUP button to enter setup screen.   Press SETUP again to select the item for setting (the selected item will be displayed in reverse video).

b. After selecting the item, press ▲ or ▼ buttons to set up its value.

c. After finishing setting up, press EXIT button to leave setup mode.

1.   Select the data for download:
     H means harmonics;
     H in reverse video means HOLD screen data (if the data is the one you want, you can press HOLD button to display the data, and press HOLD button again to exit);
     P means power data which can be a reference for downloading, the data in order is 0~84.

2. Shows the total logged data in the analyzer: max. 85 logging data.

3.**REC DATE:** shows the starting logging time of the 1st downloaded file.

4.**Hz:** set up the frequency (50, 60 or AUTO) of the system.

5.**PT:** set up PT value.

6.**CT:** set up CT value.

7.**SEC:** set up the interval seconds of logged data.

8.**CLAMP:** set up the clamps selected (100A, 1000A or 3000A).

9.**MD TIME:** set up the time of Maximum Demand (1~60 minutes).

10. **TRANS REF:** set up the transient voltage (which will be automatically changed

                     in accordance with PT).

11. **SDVP:** set up upper and lower limits % of transient voltage detection.

12. **YEAR:** Set up "year" of calendar clock.

13. **MONTH:** Set up "month" of calendar clock.

14. **DATE:** Set up "date" of calendar clock.

15. **HOUR:** Set up "hour" of calendar clock.

16. **MINUTE:** Set up "minute" of calendar clock.

17. **SECOND:** Second can be displayed only (it can not be adjusted).

III.1. Power Quality of a 3 Phase 4 Wire (3P4W) System
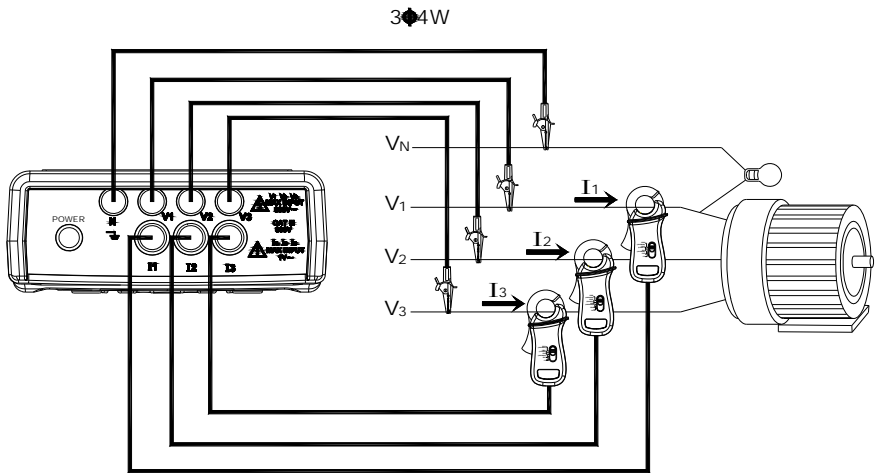
3◆4W

a. Turn the power on.   Press the POWER and the 1Φ3Φ buttons to
   select the 3P4W system.   The type of system will be displayed at

the left bottom corner in the LCD.

b. Connect the four test leads to the voltage terminals V1, V2, V3 and the V$_N$ (Neutral) of the system.

c. Connect the test leads to L1, L2, and L3 of the 3P4W system.

d. Connect the three current probes to the power analyzer input terminal I1, I2, and I3.

e. Clamp on to the L1, L2, and L3 of the 3P4W system.   Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back of it.

f. All parameters of the system will be shown in LCD.

For the meaning of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

III.2 Power Quality of a 3 Phase 3 Wire (3P3W) System
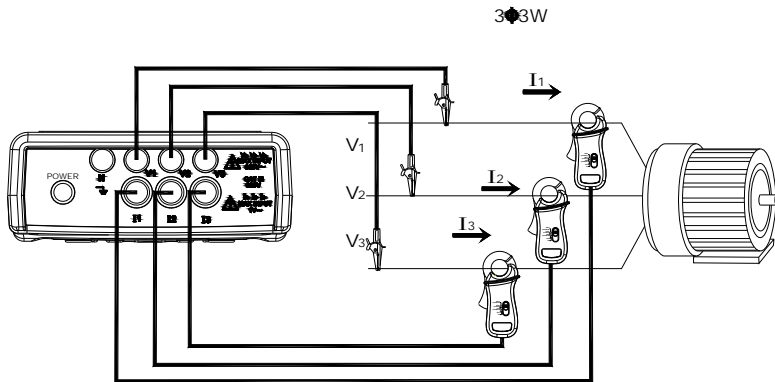
a. Turn the power on.   Press the $\boxed{\text{POWER}}$ and the $\boxed{1\Phi3\Phi}$ buttons to select the 3P3W system.   The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD.

b. Connect the three test leads to the voltage terminals L1, L2, and L3 of the system.

c. Connect the three current probes to the power analyzer input terminal I1, I2, and I3.

d. Clamp on to the L1, L2, and L3.   Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back of it.

e. All parameters of the system will be shown in LCD
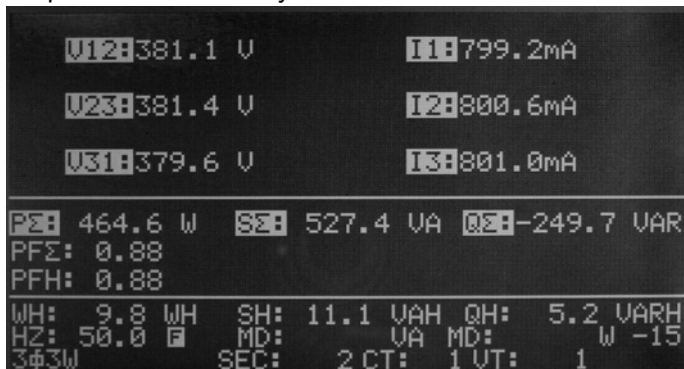
For the meaning of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

III.3 Power Quality of a Single Phase (1P2W) System

1Φ2W
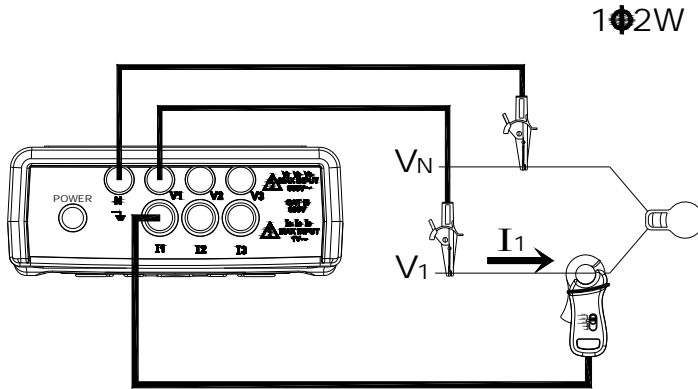
a. Turn the power on.   Press the POWER and the 1Φ3Φ buttons to select the 1P2W system.   The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD

b. Connect the two test leads to the voltage terminals L1 and V_N (Neutral) of the system.

c. Connect one current probe to the power analyzer input terminal I1.

d. Clamp on to the L1.   Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back of it.

e. All following parameters of the system will be shown in LCD

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For the meaning of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

III.4 Power Quality of a 1 Phase 3 Wire (1P3W) System
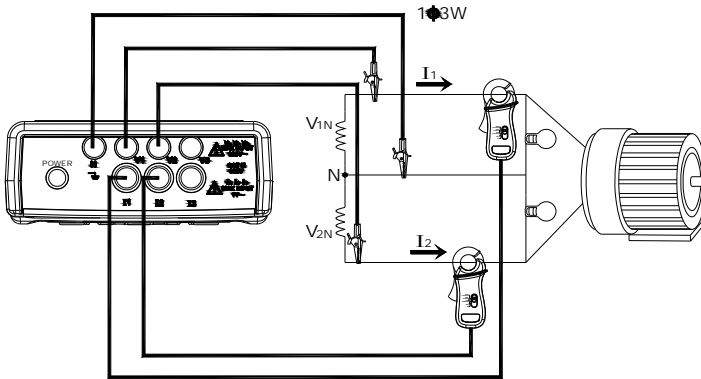
a. Turn the power on.   Press the POWER and the 1Φ3Φ buttons to select the 1P3W system.   The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD.
b. Connect the three test leads to the voltage terminals L1, L2 and V_N (Neutral) of the system.
c. Connect the two current probes to the power analyzer input terminal I1 and I2.
d. Clamp on to the L1 and L2.   Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back of it.
e. All parameters of the system will be shown in LCD
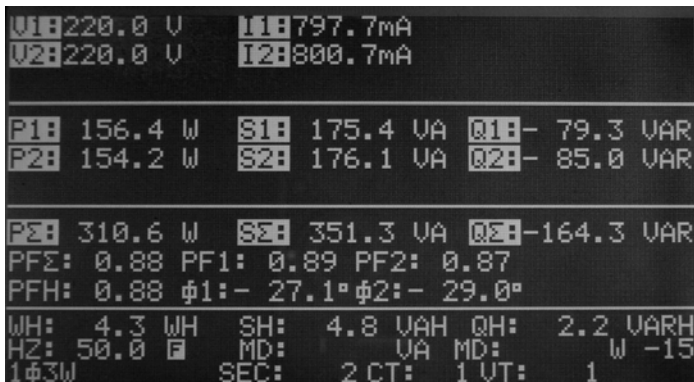
For the meaning of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

III.5 Measurement of a System with CT or VT
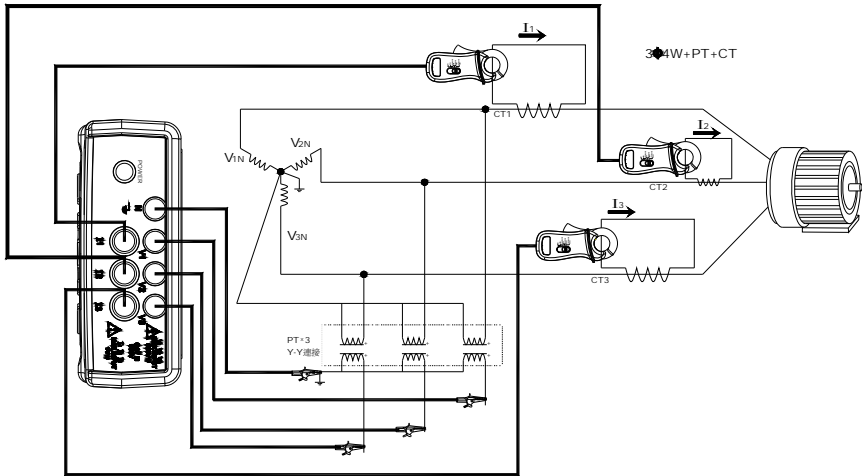
a. Turn the power on.   Press the POWER and the 1Φ3Φ buttons to select the 3P4W system.   The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD.
b. Connect the four test leads to the secondary voltage terminals L1, L2, L3 and the V_N (Neutral) of the system.
c. Clamp on to the secondary coils of L1, L2, and L3.   Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back of it.
d. Press the SETUP button and the CT symbol will be shown in reverse video in LCD.
e. Press the ▲ or ▼ buttons to increment or decrement the RATIO specified by the CT.

```
Down Load File: ▣ 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ:      50
VT:       1
CT:       1
SEC:       2
CLAMP:   100
MD TIME:    15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP:     5%

Year  Month  Date  Hour  Minute  Second
2005    7     22    13     22      20
```

f. Press the SETUP button and the VT symbol will be shown in reverse video in LCD.

g. Press the ▲ or ▼ buttons to increment or decrement the RATIO specified by the VT.


```
Down Load File: ▣ 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ:      50
VT:       1
CT:       1
SEC:       2
CLAMP:   100
MD TIME:    15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP:     5%

Year  Month  Date  Hour  Minute  Second
2005    7     22    13     22       9
```

h. Press EXIT to return to POWER mode.   All the parameters of the system will be shown in LCD

For the meaning of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

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III.6 Harmonic Analysis of Voltage or Current
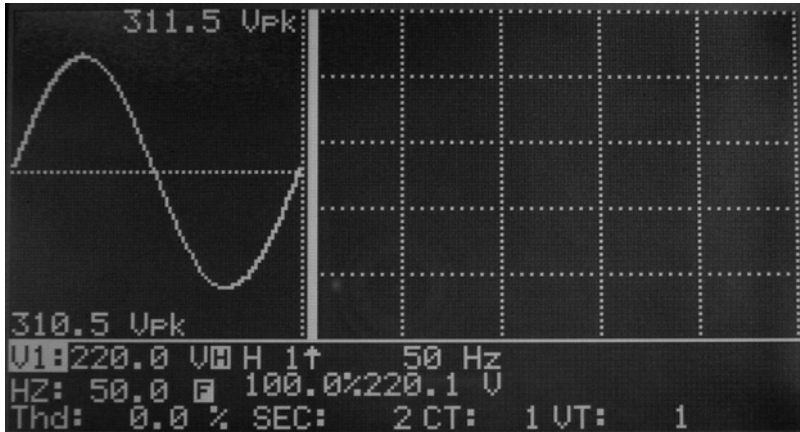
(Normal Voltage without Distortion and Harmonics)
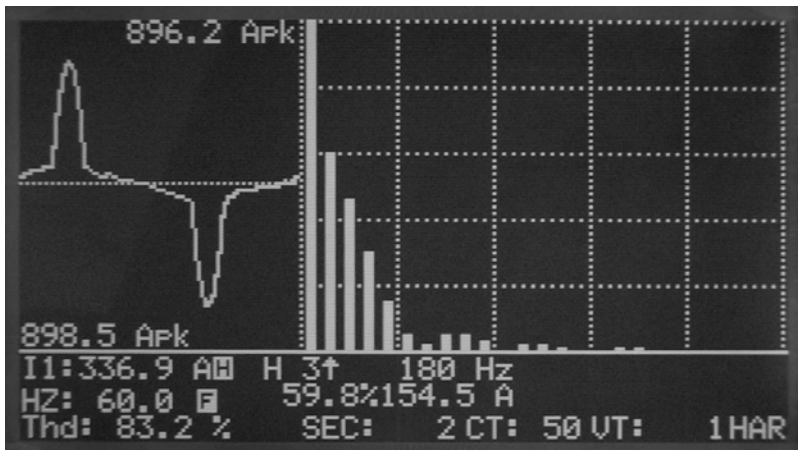
(Distorted Current with Harmonics)

a. Set up the analyzer for measurement of any power system (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P2W, or 1P3W).   To see the harmonic analysis of voltage or current, users can press the MAG. button.

b. Once the $\boxed{\text{MAG.}}$ button is pressed, the waveform will be shown in the left part in LCD, and the 1st to 50th order harmonics will be shown in the right part in LCD.

c. The positive and negative peak values will be shown in the waveform (Vpk).

d. The true RMS value and total harmonic distortion (THD-F) of voltage or current will be shown under the waveform.

e. The cursor (↑ arrow) will point to the current order of harmonics. The frequency (HZ) will be displayed next to the cursor. The percentage of harmonics (%) will be displayed below the cursor. The magnitude of the harmonics (V or A) or phase angle will be displayed next to the %.

f. To move the cursor to next harmonics, press the ◄ or ► button.

g. To see the next page of 51st to 99th order, press the ► button to pass 50th order or press the ◄ button to pass 1st order.

NOTE:
If the waveform is chopped off at the peak or too small in the LCD, press the RANGE button to select HIGH or LOW range for better display. The range indicator is a symbol after the unit of RMS value, L or H.

III.7 Display the Phase Angle of Harmonics
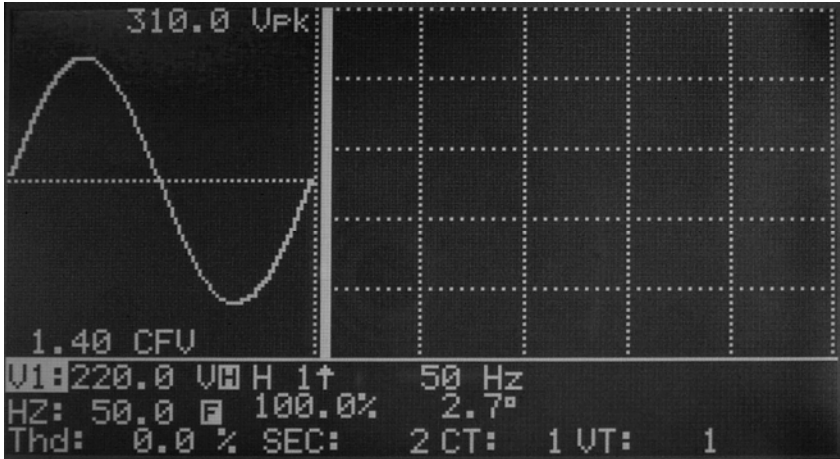
When the MAG. is pressed the magnitude of each harmonics is displayed. To review the phase angle of each harmonic, users can press the PHASE button. The phase angle shall be displayed next to the %. This phase angle is measured from the sampled waveform. It may not be 0 for V1. The rest of the phase angle (V2, V3, I1, I2, and I3) is sampled with respect to V1.

NOTE:
If the waveform is chopped off at the peak or too small in the LCD, press the RANGE button to select HIGH or LOW range for better display. The range indicator is a symbol after the unit of RMS value, L or H.

III.8 Measurement of Maximum Demand

1. Set the time interval for maximum demand (refer to section VII)
2. The analyzer will integrate the KW and KVA over the specified interval.
3. The maximum demand (MD) will be updated if new demand is greater than the previous value.

In the following example, the maximum demand is 527.4VA and 527.4W. The time interval for maximum demand is 2 minutes.

III.9 Waveform of Voltage and Current

Press this button to display waveform of voltage and current at the same time.
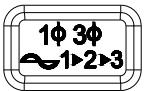
Press this button to select different inputs (V1, I1), (V2, I2), or (V3, I3).

NOTE:
The triggering point is the zero crossing point of V1 for V2, V3, I2, and I3. The triggering point for I1 is its own zero crossing point in case V1 is not present.

NOTE:
In the mode of displaying waveform, one period/cycle of 1024 data is displayed.

III.10 Waveform of Voltage Only
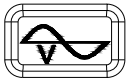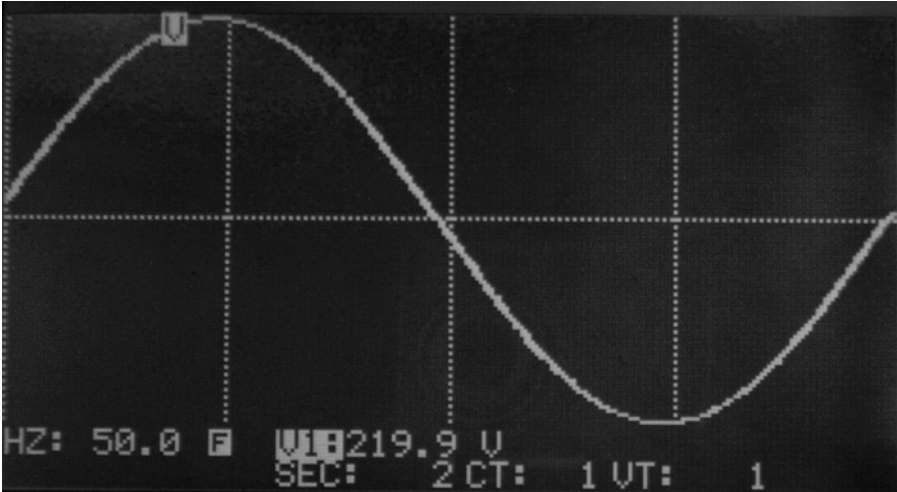
 Press this button to display voltage waveform only. The true

RMS value of voltage will be displayed at the bottom in LCD.
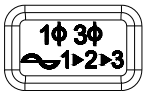
 Press this button to select V1, V2, or V3.

NOTE:
The triggering point is the zero crossing point of V1 for V2 and V3.

NOTE:
In the mode of displaying waveform, one period/cycle of 1024 data is displayed.

III.11 Graphic Phasor Diagram

Voltage/Source Unbalance
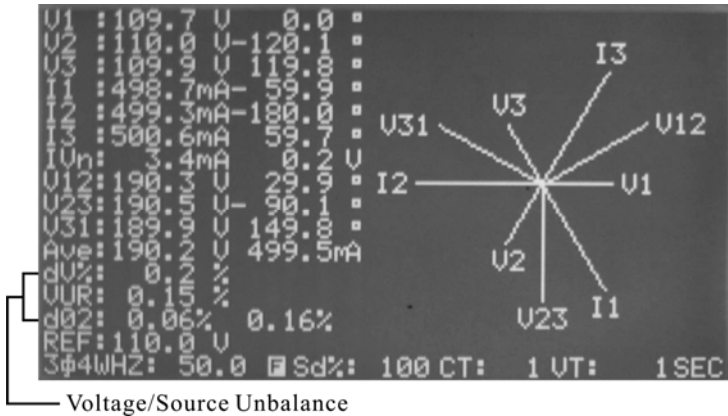
 Press this button to display the phasor diagram.

The voltages and currents will be displayed in phasor format (magnitude, angle).   V1 will be referred as reference.   The angle of V1 is always 0. The phase angles of V2, V3, I1, I2, and I3 will be displayed with respect to V1. V1, V2, V3, I1, I2, I3, V12, V23, and V31 will be displayed in vector form graphically.

V1, V2, V3: Phase voltages in phasor format with respect to V1
I1, I2, I3: Line currents in phasor format with respect to V1.
IVn: Calculated voltage and current of neutral with respect to ground.
V12, V23, V31: Line voltage in phasor format with respect to V1.
Ave: Average of line voltages V12, V23, and V31 and line current I1, I2, and I3
dV%: Historical maximum % value of
     (Max (V1, V2, V3) – Min (V1, V2, V3)) / Min (V1, V2, V3) * 100%
VUR: Voltage Unbalance Ratio
d02: The first number is Zero Sequence Unbalance Ratio in % (d0) of voltage.
      The second number is the Negative Sequence Unbalance Ratio in % (d2) of

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voltage.   When VUR is displayed before d02, d02 represents the Zero and
    Negative Sequence Unbalance Ratios for voltage.
REF: nominal voltage for transient detection reference
Sd%: threshold in % for transient detection with respect to nominal voltage (REF).

NOTE:
The phasor is drawn only when the reading is more than 200 counts. And if the reading of V is zero, then phasor of current will not be drawn.

Current/Load Unbalance
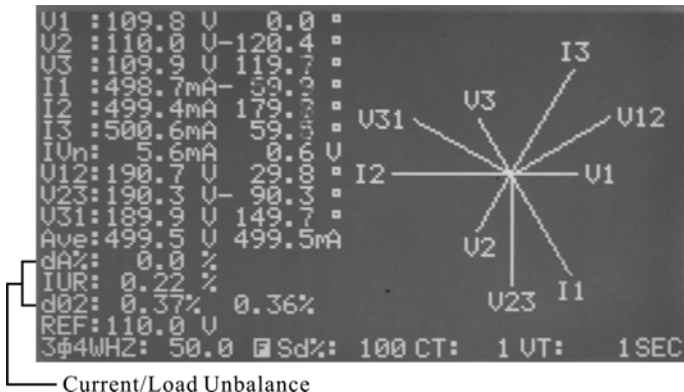
  Press this button to change the display from VUR to IUR

dA%: Historical maximum % value of
    (Max (I1, I2, I3) – Min (I1, I2, I3)) / Min(I1, I2, I3) * 100%
IUR: Current Unbalance Ratio
d02: The first number is Zero Sequence Unbalance Ratio in % (d0) of current, The second number is the Negative Sequence Unbalance Ratio in % (d2) of current. When IUR is displayed before d02, d02 represents the Zero (d0) and Negative (d2) Sequence Unbalance Ratios for current.
REF: nominal voltage for transient detection reference

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Sd%: threshold in % for transient detection with respect to nominal voltage (REF).

NOTE:
If the voltage of L1, L2, and L3 is not connected in right sequence, the analyzer will show L1-3-2 in the right top corner, and beep to warn the users of incorrect phase sequence.

III.12 Phase Sequence of a 3 Phase System

Incorrect Sequence
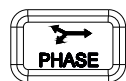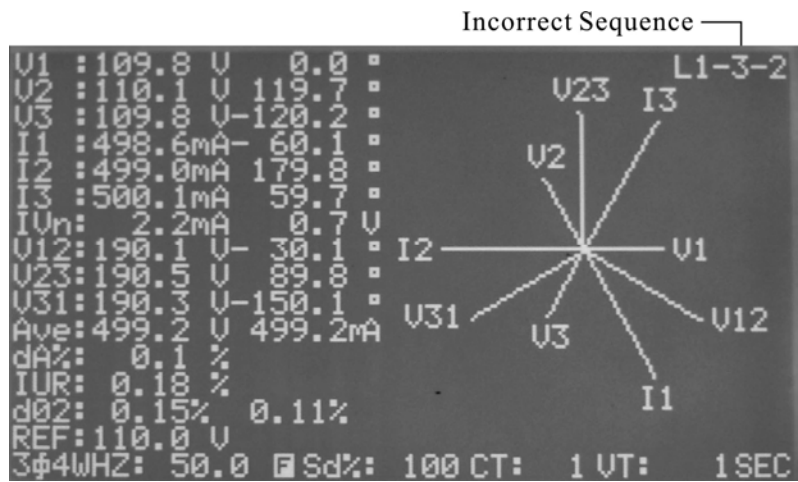
Press this button to display phasor diagram.

In this mode, the analyzer also detects the correctness of the phase sequence.   If the voltage of L1, L2, and L3 is not connected in right sequence, the analyzer will show L1-3-2 in the right top corner, and beep to warn the users of incorrect phase sequence.

III.13 Balanced and Unbalanced 3 Phase (3P3W, 3P4W) Power Source System


```
V1 :109.7 V    0.0 ▫
V2 :110.0 V-120.1 ▫
V3 :109.9 V 119.8 ▫
I1 :498.7mA- 59.9 ▫
I2 :499.3mA-180.0 ▫
I3 :500.6mA  59.7 ▫
IVn:   3.4mA   0.2 V
V12:190.3 V  29.9 ▫
V23:190.5 V- 90.1 ▫
V31:189.9 V 149.8 ▫
Ave:190.2 V 499.5mA
dV%:   0.2 %
VUR: 0.15 %
d02: 0.06%  0.16%
REF:110.0 V
3φ4WHZ: 50.0 ☐Sd%: 100 CT:  1 VT:     1 SEC
```

—— Voltage/Source Unbalance
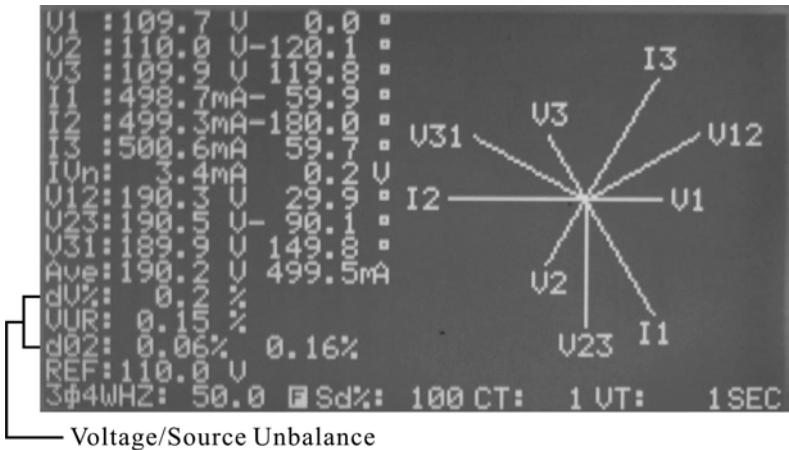
PHASE In order to check if a system is balanced, press this button to display the phasor diagram with the VUR displayed.

Balanced System
If a 3 phase power source system is balanced, the parameters should be as following:
V1 = V2 = V3
V12 = V23 = V31
The phase angle of phasor V2 = -120
The phase angle of phasor V3 = 120
Vn (voltage of neutral with respect to ground) = 0V
VUR = 0%
d0% = 0%
d2% = 0%

Unbalanced System
If the values are different from the numbers above, then we can say it is an unbalanced power source system.   The magnitude of the difference can be used as an indication of an unbalanced power source system.   The larger the difference, the more unbalanced the system is.

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III.14 Balanced and Unbalanced 3 Phase (3P3W or 3P4W) Load System

Current/Load Unbalance
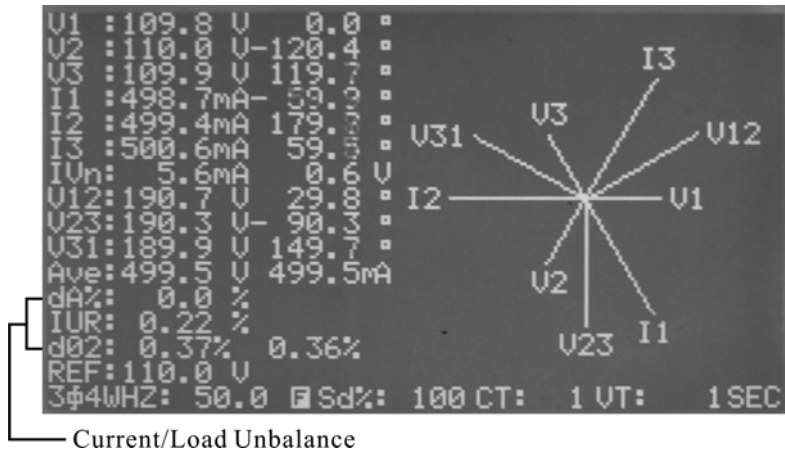
 In order to check if current of a system is balanced, press the button twice to display the phasor diagram with the IUR

displayed.

Balanced System

If a 3 phase load system is balanced, the parameters should be as following:

I1 = I2 = I3

The phase angle of phasors I2 and I1 (I2 ± I1) = ±120

The phase angle of phasors I3 and I2 (I3 ± I2)= ±120

In (current of neutral) = 0A

IUR = 0%

d0% = 0%

d2% = 0%

Unbalanced System

If the values are different from the numbers above, then we can say it is an unbalanced load system.   The magnitude of the difference can be used as an indication of an unbalanced power source system.   The larger the

difference, the more unbalanced the load is.

III.15 Transient Capture Setup (Dips, Swells, Outage)
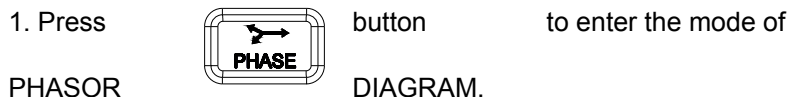
1. Press [PHASE] button to enter the mode of PHASOR DIAGRAM.

2. Press the SETUP button to let TRANS REF is displayed in reverse video.

```
Down Load File: ▣ 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ:      50
VT:       1
CT:       1
SEC:      2
CLAMP:  100
MD TIME:    15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP:      5%

Year   Month   Date   Hour   Minute   Second
2005     7      22     13      23        5
```

3. Press the ▲ or ▼ buttons to increment or decrement nominal voltage as reference.   To exit, press the EXIT button.

4. Press the SETUP button to let SDVP displayed in reverse video.

```
Down Load File: ▣ 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ:      50
VT:       1
CT:       1
SEC:      2
CLAMP:  100
MD TIME:    15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP:      5%

Year   Month   Date   Hour   Minute   Second
2005     7      22     13      23       10
```

5. Press the ▲ or ▼ button to increment or decrement threshold in % (SDVP). To exit, press the EXIT button.
6. Press the TRANSIENT button to start operation of "Transient Capture".
7. The backlight will be turned off when the TRANSIENT button is pressed.
8. If the analyzer captures any transient events (DIP, SWELL, or OUTAGE), the backlight will be turned on.   User can press the TRANSIENT button to review the TRANSIENT events recorded.
9. To exit TRANSIENT CAPTURE, press the EXIT button.

Definition of SWELL, DIP, and OUTAGE:

SWELL: $V_{RMS} > [V_{REF} + (V_{REF} * SD\%)]$

Code for SWELL: 1

If true RMS value of either phase (V1, V2, or V3) rises above the nominal value plus the threshold (REF + SD%), it is regarded as SWELL.   The code for SWELL is 1.

DIP: $V_{RMS} < [V_{REF} - (V_{REF} * SD\%)]$

Code for DIP: 2

If the true RMS value of either phase (V1, V2, or V3) falls below the nominal value plus the threshold, it is regarded as DIP.   The code for DIP is 2.

OUTAGE: $V_{RMS} < 30$ to 40V

Code for OUTAGE: 4

If the true RMS value of either phase is less than 30 to 40V, it is regarded as OUTAGE.   The code for OUTAGE is 4.

Code Table:

	SWELL	DIP	OUTAGE	COMMENT
CODE	1	2	4	Codes can be added together

DISPLAY FORMAT:

First column: sequential number of events.

Second column: elapsed time since the time of start.   The elapsed time format is (DAYS, HOURS, MINUTES).   The maximum time is 99 day 24 hours 60 minutes.

The third column: number of cycles.

The fourth column: code of transient events.   There might be more than one transient condition occurs in one event.

NOTE: In the mode of TRANSIENT CAPTURE, the analyzer takes 128 samples of each cycle for each phase continuously.

NOTE: When the users press the TRANSIENT button to review the

recorded events, the analyzer stops capture operation until the TRANSIENT is pressed again.   The timer is also stopped when users press the TRANSIENT button. So the time stamp is not correct when users press the TRANSIENT button to resume operation.

NOTE: The analyzer can record up to 28 events.   When the analyzer has recorded 28 events, it stops the capture operation, turns the backlight on, and displays the 28 transient events.

NOTE: The code can be added together to indicate two or three conditions. For example, if code is 6, that means DIP and OUTAGE (2+4).

NOTE: The longest duration for capture operation is 99 days.   So users should use external 12V DC power adaptor for capture operation.

WARNING: Users must select 50 or 60 Hz for transient capture.   If users select AUTO for frequency, the unit will not allow users to enter the TRANSIENT capture, and will beep to warn users.

III.16 Download Transient Data

When users press the TRANSIENT button to display CAPTURED EVENTS, the data is also output through RS-232 at the same time.

The data output is in the same format as in LCD in ASCII format
YEAR MONTH DAY HOUR MINUTE SECOND CT REF CODE
01 ELAPSED_TIME CYCLES CODE
02 ELAPSED_TIME CYCLES CODE
03 ELAPSED_TIME CYCLES CODE
04 ELAPSED_TIME CYCLES CODE
…

NOTE:
When users download data in the office, one additional event will be captured due to no input connected.   The additional (last) event should show:
1. Elapsed time is reset to 0.

2. Transient event is LO and OUT.

III.17 Data Logging of Power Data (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P2W, 1P3W)

1. Set the sampling time of data logging.

2. Press the POWER button to enter mode of power measurement.

3. Press the 1Φ3Φ button to select appropriate system (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P3W, or 1P2W).

4. Press the REC button to start data logging.   A **REC** symbol will be displayed at the bottom line in LCD.

   If the memory is full, a **FULL** symbol will display at the bottom line in LCD, and the buzzer will last 3 seconds.   Now the recording function is disabled, i.e. pressing the REC button won't work.

5. To stop data logging, press the REC button again.

WARNING:
If there is no input at V1, then the sampling time could be longer than the set value.

WARNING:
If the unit detects battery low during the period of logging, Data Logging will be ended automatically.

III.18 Download Power Data
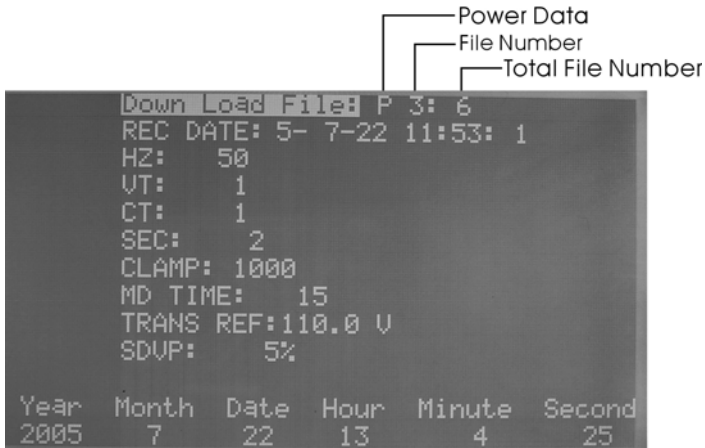
1. Press the SETUP button.
2. The "Down Load File" will be shown in reverse video.
3. Press the ▲ or ▼ button to select file number.
4. If the data stored in a selected file is power data, a leading symbol "P" will be shown in front of the file number
5. Press EXIT button.
6. When the unit receives a CTRL D command through the RS-232C port, it will down load stored power data.

NOTE:
In the setup mode, the unit will not accept any command through RS-232C port.   To down load data, users must press the EXIT button to return to normal measurement mode.

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III.19 Data Logging of Harmonics

1. Set the sampling time of data logging/

2. Press MAG. button to enter mode of harmonics measurement.

3. Press the VI button to select desired input (V1, I1, V2, I2, V3, or I3).

4. Press the REC button to start data logging.   A **REC** symbol will be
   displayed at the bottom line in LCD.

   If the memory is full, a **FULL** symbol will display at the bottom line in
   LCD, and the buzzer will last 3 seconds.   Now the recording function
   is disabled, i.e. pressing the REC button won't work.

5. To stop data logging, press the REC button again.

WARNING:
If there is no input at V1, then the logging time will be incorrect.

WARNING:
If the unit detects battery low during the period of logging, Data Logging will
be ended automatically.

III.20 Download Harmonics Data
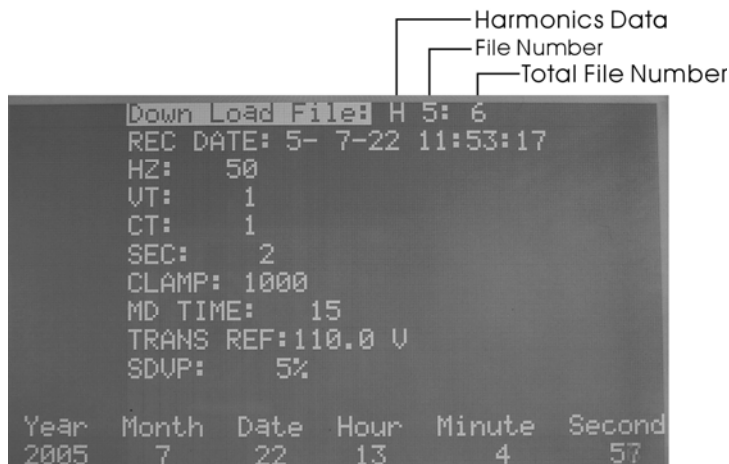
```
                                          ┌── Harmonics Data
                                       ┌── File Number
                                       │ ┌── Total File Number
        Down Load File: H 5: 6
        REC DATE: 5- 7-22 11:53:17
        HZ:    50
        VT:     1
        CT:     1
        SEC:     2
        CLAMP: 1000
        MD TIME:    15
        TRANS REF:110.0 V
        SDVP:    5%

 Year  Month  Date  Hour  Minute  Second
 2005    7     22    13      4       57
```

1. Press the SETUP button.
2. The "Down Load File" will be shown in reverse video.
3. Press the ▲ or ▼ button to select file number.
4. If the data stored in a selected file is harmonics data, a leading symbol "H" will be shown in front of the file number.
5. Press EXIT button.
6. When the unit receives a CTRL+D command through the RS-232C port, it will down load stored harmonics data.

NOTE:
In the setup mode, the unit will not accept any command through RS-232C port. To down load data, users must press the EXIT button to return to normal measurement mode.

III.21 Clear Memory of Data Logging

To clear all data memory of the unit, hold the REC button and turn the power on.

IV. HARDCOPY OF SCREEN
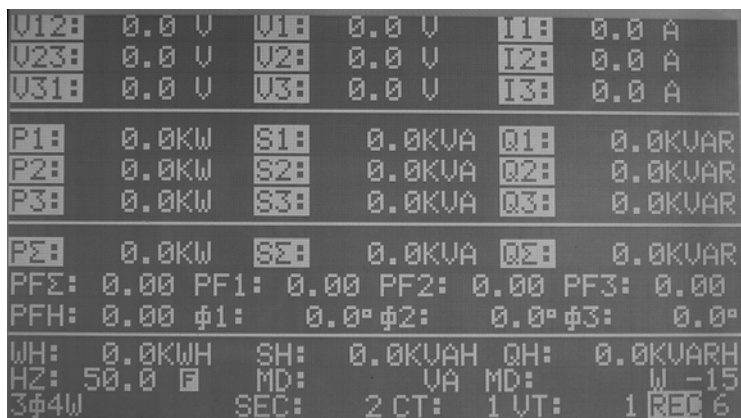
File Number
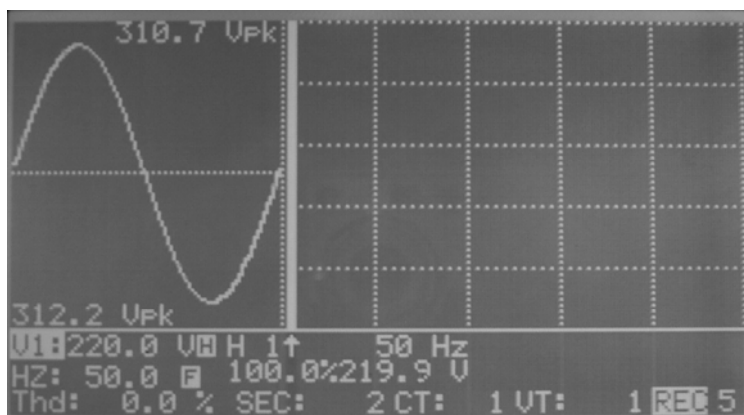
File Number

1. Press the HOLD/READ button.
2. Press the REC button. It takes few seconds to hardcopy the screen, and store the screen in an internal file. The LCD will show REC in reverse video when in operation.   The number following the REC is the file number.
3. Users can store up to 85 screens if no power or harmonics data is stored.

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V. READ THE SAVED SCREEN
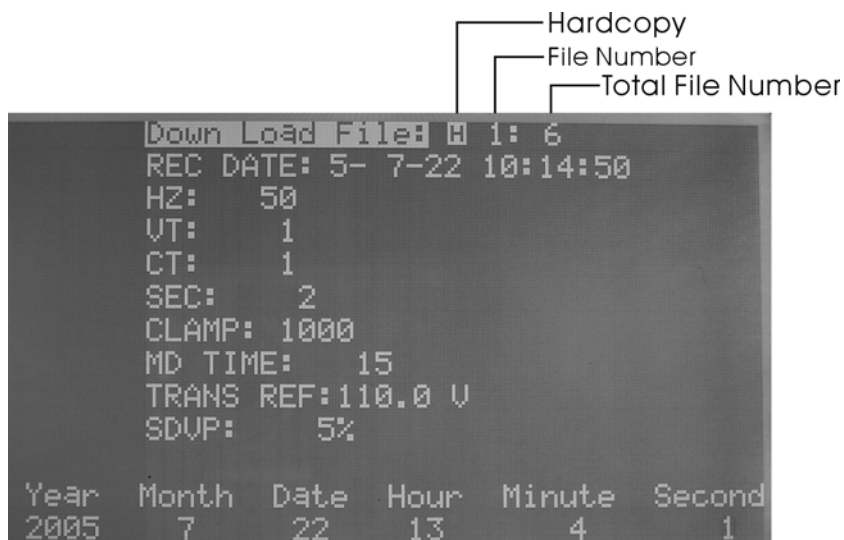
1. Press the SETUP button. The DOWN LOAD FILE is displayed in reverse video. If the data in the selected file is hardcopy of screen, a leading symbol of H is displayed in reverse video.
2. Press the ▲ or ▼ to select the saved screen.
3. Press the HOLD/READ button, then the saved screen will be restored.

NOTE:
If the data saved in a specific file is a HARDCOPY of screen, a leading symbol of H is displayed in reverse video.

NOTE:
Hardcopy data can not be down loaded.

VI. SET THE CT AND VT RATIO

Press the SETUP button several times until CT or VT is shown in reverse video.

Press the ▲ or ▼ button to increment or decrement the value by 1. Holding the ▲ or ▼ button will speed up the process of incrementing or decrementing.   To exit, press the EXIT button.

The range of CT ratio is from 1 to 600.   The range of VT ratio is from 1 to 3000.

Once the CT or VT is set, the voltage and current readings becomes

    CURRENT (displayed) = CURRENT (measured) x CT Ratio

    VOLTAGE (displayed) = VOLTAGE (measured) x VT Ratio

VII. SET THE TIME INTERVAL FOR MAXIMUM DEMAND


```
Down Load File: ▣ 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ:      50
VT:       1
CT:       1
SEC:      2
CLAMP:   100
MD TIME:      15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP:     5%

Year  Month  Date  Hour  Minute  Second
2005    7     22    13     22      55
```
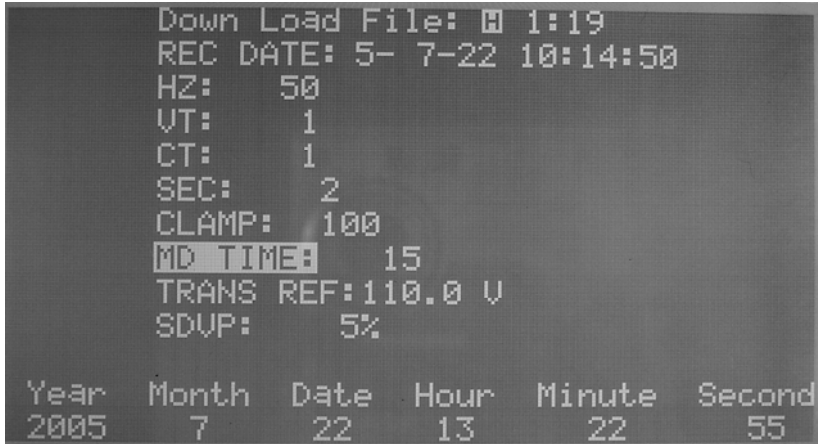
Press the SETUP button several times until MD TIME is displayed in reverse video.

Press the ▲ or ▼ buttons to increment or decrement the value by 1. Holding the ▲ or ▼ buttons will speed up the process of incrementing or decrementing. To exit, press the EXIT button.

The range of MD time interval is from 1 to 60 minutes. Once the time interval is set, the unit will calculate the maximum demand and average demand in wattage (W) or VA.   To toggle between W and VA, press the POWER button.

VIII. SET THE SAMPLING TIME FOR DATA LOGGING

Down Load File: ▣ 1:19
REC DATE: 5- 7-22 10:14:50
HZ: 50
VT: 1
CT: 1
SEC: 2
CLAMP: 100
MD TIME: 15
TRANS REF:110.0 V
SDVP: 5%

Year	Month	Date	Hour	Minute	Second
2005	7	22	13	22	25
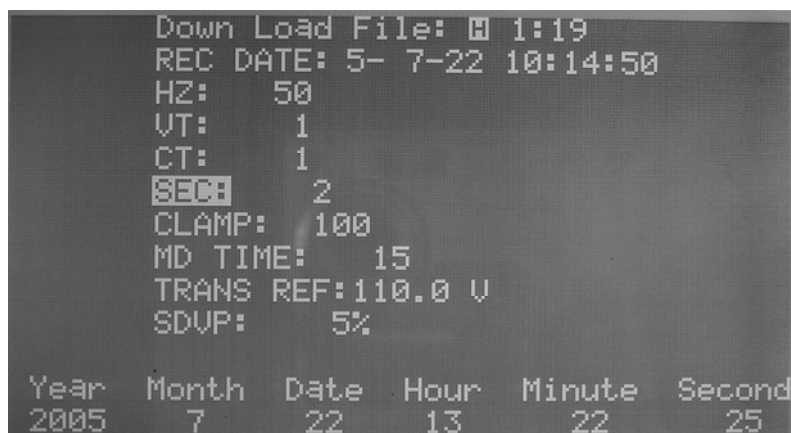
Press the SETUP button several times until SEC is displayed in reverse video.

Press the ▲ or ▼ buttons to increment or decrement the value by 2. Holding the ▲ or ▼ buttons will speed up the process of incrementing or decrementing.

To exit, press the EXIT button.

IX. SET THE CALENDER CLOCK

1. Press the SETUP button to select (Year, Month, Date, Hour, Minute).
2. Press the ▲ or ▼ buttons to increment or decrement the number.

NOTE:
Second can not be adjusted.

X. PROTOCOL OF RS-232C INTERFACE

RS-232C Interface:
    Baud Rate 19200
    Data bits 8
    Stop bit 1
    No Parity

XI. SPECIFICATIONS (23℃ ± 5℃)

AC Watt

(50 or 60 Hz, PF 0.5 to 1, CT = 1, Voltage＞AC 20V, Current＞AC 40mA for 1A range, Current＞AC 0.4A for 10A range, Current＞AC 4A for 100A range, and continuous waveform)

Model 6830 + 6801 (100A)

Range (0 to 100A)	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings[1]
5.0 – 999.9 W	0.1W	±1% ± 0.8W
1.000 – 9.999 KW	0.001 KW	±1% ± 8W
10.00 – 99.99 KW	0.01 KW	±1% ± 80W
100.0 – 999.9 KW	0.1 KW	±1% ± 0.8KW
1000 – 9999 KW	1 KW	±1% ± 8KW

(50 or 60 Hz, PF 0.5 to 1, CT = 1, Voltage > AC 20V, Current > AC 4A for 100A range, Current > AC 40A for 1000A, and continuous waveform)

Model 6830 + 6802 (1000A)

Range (0 to 1000A)	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings[2]
5.0 – 999.9 W	0.1W	±1% ± 0.8W
1.000 – 9.999 KW	0.001 KW	±1% ± 8W
10.00 – 99.99 KW	0.01 KW	±1% ± 80W
100.0 – 999.9 KW	0.1 KW	±1% ± 0.8KW
1000 – 9999 KW	1 KW	±1% ± 8KW
0.000 – 9.999MW	0.001MW	±1% ± 80KW

(50 or 60 Hz, PF 0.5 to 1, CT = 1, Voltage > AC 5V, Current > AC 5A for A range, and continuous waveform. Conductor is located at the center of flexible loop. Position sensitivity is 2% of range.   External field effect of < 40A/m and 200mm from the coupling is 1% of range.   Temperature coefficient is 0.02% of reading /˚C)

Model 6830 + 3007 (3000A)

Range (0 to 3000A)	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings[3]	
		> 20 V and > 30A	< 20V or < 30A
10.0 – 999.9 W	0.1W	±1% of range	±2% of range
1.000 – 9.999 KW	0.001 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range
10.00 – 99.99 KW	0.01 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range
100.0 – 999.9 KW	0.1 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range

1000 – 9999 KW	1 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range

[1,2,3] For CT ≠ 1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±1%). But the additional digits should be multiplied by the CT ratio.

For example,   ±0.8W becomes ± 0.8W * CT ratio

Range of CT (Current Transformer) Ratio: 1 to 600

AC Apparent Power (VA, from 0.000VA to 9999 KVA):
$$VA = V\ r.m.s. \times A\ r.m.s$$

AC Reactive Power (VAR, from 0.000 VAR to 9999 KVAR):
$$VAR = \sqrt{(VA^2 - W^2)}$$

AC Active Energy (mWH, WH, or KWH, from 0 mWH to 999,999 KWH)
$$WH = W * Time\ (in\ hours)$$

AC Current
(50 or 60 Hz, Auto Range, True RMS, Crest Factor < 4, CT=1)

Model 6830+6801 (Overload Protection AC 200A)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings[4]
0.04 – 1 A	0.001 A	±0.5% ± 0.05A
0.4 – 10 A	0.01 A	±0.5% ± 0.05A
4 – 100 A	0.1 A	±1.0% ± 0.5A

Model 6830+6802 (Overload Protection AC 2000A)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings[5]
10.00A	0.001A/0.01A	–
4A - 100.0A	0.01A/0.1A	±0.5% ± 0.5A
40A – 1000.0 A	0.1A/1 A	±0.5% ± 5A

Model 6830+3007 (Overload Protection AC 3000A)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings[6]
0 – 300.0A	0.1A	±1% of range
300.0 – 3000A	0.1A / 1A	±1% of range

[4, 5, 6] For CT ≠ 1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±0.5%). But the additional digits should be multiplied by the CT ratio.

For example,   ±0.5A becomes ±0.5A * CT ratio

AC Voltage

(50 or 60 Hz, Auto Range, True RMS, Crest Factor < 4, Input Impedance 10 MΩ, VT (PT) = 1, Overload Protection AC 800V)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings[7]
20.0 V – 500.0 V (Phase to Neutral)	0.1 V	±0.5% ± 5dgts
20.0 V – 600.0 V (Phase to Phase)		±0.5% ± 5dgts

[7] For VT (PT) $\neq$ 1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±0.5%). But the additional digits should be multiplied by the CT ratio.

For example,   ±5 digits becomes ±5 digits * VT (PT) ratio

Harmonics of AC Voltage in Percentage

(1 to 99th order, minimum voltage at the 50 or 60 Hz > AC 80V. If the voltage is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage (%) display is 0.)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 20th		±2%
21 – 49th	0.1%	±4% of reading ± 2.0%
50 – 99th		±6% of reading ± 2.0%

Harmonics of AC Voltage in Magnitude

(1 to 99th order, minimum voltage at the 50 or 60 Hz > AC 80V, VT=1)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 20th		±2% ± 0.5V
21 – 49th	0.1V	±4% of reading ± 0.5V
50 – 99th		±6% of reading ± 0.5V

Harmonics of AC Current in Percentage

(1 to 99th order.   Min. current at 50 or 60 Hz is: model 6830+6801 > 10% of the range; model 6830+6802 > 20A; model 6830+3007 > 30A.   If the current is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage (%) display is 0)

Model 6830+6801

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 10th		±0.2% of reading ± 1%

11 – 20th		±2% of reading ± 1%
21 – 50th (A range)	0.1%	±5% of reading ± 1%
21 – 50th (mA range)		±10% of reading ± 1%
51 - 99th		±35% of reading ± 1%

Model 6830+6802

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 20th		±2%
21 – 49th	0.1 %	±4% of reading ± 2.0%
50 – 99th		±6% of reading ± 2.0%

Model 6830 + 3007

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 20th	0.1%	±2%
21st – 50th	0.1%	±6%
51st – 99th	0.1%	±10%

Harmonics of AC Current in Magnitude

(1 to 99th order.   Min. current at the 50 or 60 Hz: model 6830+6801 > 10% of the range; model 6830+6802 > 20A.   CT=1)

Model 6830+6801

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 10th		±0.2% of reading ±7dgts
11 – 20th		±2% of reading ±7dgts
21 – 50th (A range)	0.1mA / 0.1A	±5% of reading ±7dgts
21 – 50th (mA range)		±10% of reading ±7dgts
51 - 99th		±35% of reading ±7dgts

Model 6830+6802

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 20th		±2% of reading ±0.4A
21 – 49th	0.1A	±4% of reading ±0.4A
50 – 99th		±6% of reading ±0.4A

(1 to 99th order, min. current at the 50 or 60 Hz, True RMS < 300A)

Model 6830+3007

Range (0 – 300A)	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 20th	0.1%	±2% of reading ± 4A
21st – 50th	0.1%	±4% of reading ± 4A
51st – 99th	0.1%	±6% of reading ± 4A

(1 to 99th order, min. current at the 50 or 60 Hz, 3000A > True RMS > 300A)

Model 6830+3007

Range (300 – 3000A)	Resolution	Accuracy
1 – 20th	0.1%	±2% of reading ± 40A
21st – 50th	0.1%	±4% of reading ± 40A
51st – 99th	0.1%	±6% of reading ± 40A

Power Factor (PF)

Model 6830+6801 or 6830+6802

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.00 – 1.00	0.01	± 0.04

Model 6830+3007

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
		> 20V and > 30A	< 20V or < 30A
0.000 – 1.000	0.001	± 0.04	±0.1

Phase Angle (Φ)

Model 6830+6801 or 6830+6802

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
-180° to 180°	0.1°	± 1°

Model 6830+3007 (Φ, V > 20V, A > 30A)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
-180° to 180°	0.1°	± 2°
0° to 360°	0.1°	± 2°

Peak Value
of ACV (peak value > 20V) **or ACA** (peak value: model 6830+6801> 10% of the range; model 6830+6802> 20A; model 6830+3007> 30A)**, VT=1**

Range	Sampling Time	Accuracy of Reading
50 Hz	19µs	± 5% ± 30 digits
60 Hz	16µs	± 5% ± 30 digits

Crest Factor (C.F.)
of ACV (peak value >20V) **or ACA** (peak value: model 6830+6801> 10% of the range; model 6830+6802> 20A; model 6830+3007> 30A), **VT=1**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings

1.00 – 99.99	0.01	± 5% ± 30 digits

Frequency
in AUTO mode
Model 6830+6801 or 6830+6802

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Reading
45 – 65 Hz	0.1Hz	0.1Hz

Frequency
of ACV (RMS value > 10V) **or ACA** (RMS value > 30A)
Model 6830+3007

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
45 – 65 Hz	0.1 Hz	± 0.2Hz

Total Harmonic Distortion
(THD-F with respect to the fundamental frequency, min. value at 50 or 60 Hz is voltage > AC 80V and current is: model 6830+6801> 10% of the range; model 6830+6802> 20A; model 6830+3007> 30A. Calculation is done over 1 to 50th Harmonics. If the voltage or current is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage (%) display is 0).
Model 6830 + 6801

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 – 20.0 %		± 1%
20.0 – 100%	0.1%	±3% of reading ± 5%
100 – 999.9%		±10% of reading ±10%

Model 6830 + 6802

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 – 20%		± 2%
20 – 100%	01%	± 6% of reading ± 1%
100 – 999.9 %		± 10% of reading ± 1%

Model 6830 + 3007

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 – 20%	0.1%	± 2%
20 – 100%	0.1%	± 6% of reading ± 5%
100 – 999.9 %	0.1%	± 10% of reading ± 10%

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS
6830 Analyzer

Indoors Use

Battery Type:	1.5V SUM-3 x 8
External DC Input:	**Use only power supply adapter Model PHAPSA**
Display:	Dot Matrix LCD (240x128) with backlight
LCD Update Rate:	1 time / second
Power Consumption:	140mA (approx.)
No. Of Samples:	1024 samples / period
Data Logging Files:	85
Max. File Capacity:	17474 records (3P4W, 3P3W)
	26210 records (1P3W)
	52420 records (1P2W)
	4096 records (50 Harmonics / record)
Sampling Time:	2 to 3000 seconds for data logging
Low battery Indication:	B
Overload Indication:	OL
Operating Temperature:	-10∘C to 50∘C
Operating Humidity:	less than 85% relative
Storage Temperature:	-20∘C to 60∘C
Storage Humidity:	less than 75% relative
Dimension:	257(L) x 155(W) x 57(H) mm
	10.1"(L) x 6.1"(W) x 2.3"(H)
Weight:	1160g (Batteries included)
Accessories:	test leads (3 meter long) x 4
	Probes (6801 or 6802 or 3007) x 3
	Alligator clips x 4
	Carrying bag x 1
	Users manual x 1
	Batteries 1.5V x 8
	Software CD x 1
	Software users manual x 1
	USB to RS232 cable x 1

6801 Current Probe (100A)

Conductor Size:	30mm (approx.)
Range Selection:	Manual (1A, 10A, 100A)
Dimension:	210mm (L) x 62mm (W) x 36mm (H)
	8.3" (L) x 2.5" (W) x 1.4" (H)
Weight:	200g

6802 Current Probe (1000A)

Conductor Size:	55mm (approx.), 64 x 24mm (bus bar)
Range Selection:	Manual (10A, 100A, 1000A)
Dimension:	244mm (L) x 97mm (W) x 46mm (H)
	9.6" (L) x 3.8" (W) x 1.8" (H)
Weight:	600g

3007 Flexible Current Probe (3000A)

Probe Length: 3007-24	24 in / 610 mm
Minimum Bending Diameter:	35mm
Connector Diameter:	23mm
Cable Diameter:	14mm
Cable Length from Probe to Box:	1700mm
Cable Length from Box to Output:	1700mm
Range Selection:	Manual (300A, 3000A)
Battery:	powered by power analyzer
Dimension (Box):	130mm(L) x 80mm(W)x 43mm(H)
	5.1"(L) x 3.1"(W) x 1.7"(H)
Weight:	410g

XII. BATTERY REPLACEMENT

When the low battery symbol is displayed on the LCD, replace the old batteries with eight new batteries.

```
V12:   0.0 V    V1:    0.0 V    I1:    0.0 A
V23:   0.0 V    V2:    0.0 V    I2:    0.0 A
V31:   0.0 V    V3:    0.0 V    I3:    0.0 A

P1:    0.0KW    S1:    0.0KVA   Q1:    0.0KVAR
P2:    0.0KW    S2:    0.0KVA   Q2:    0.0KVAR
P3:    0.0KW    S3:    0.0KVA   Q3:    0.0KVAR

PΣ:    0.0KW    SΣ:    0.0KVA   QΣ:    0.0KVAR
PFΣ: 0.00 PF1:  0.00 PF2:  0.00 PF3:   0.00
PFH: 0.00 φ1:    0.0°φ2:    0.0°φ3:    0.0°

WH:    0.0KWH   SH:    0.0KVAH QH:    0.0KVARH
HZ:   60.0 ▣●   MD:       VA MD:       W  −15
3φ4W            SEC:    2 CT:   1 VT:   3 REC  0
```
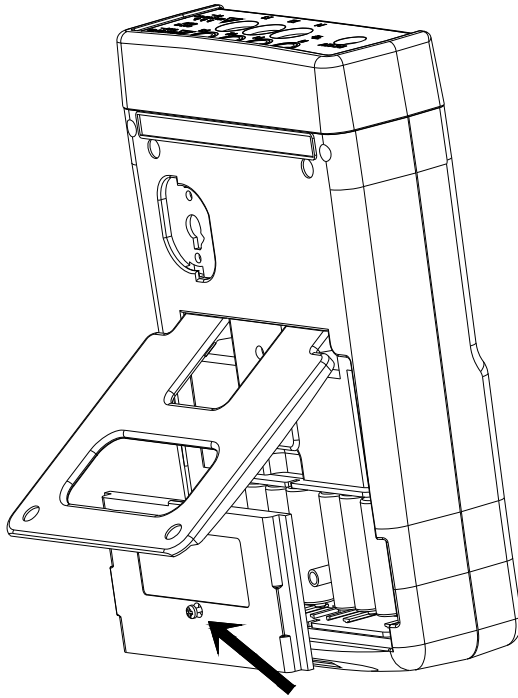
Turn the power off and remove all the test leads and current probes from the unit.

1. Remove the screw of the battery cover.
2. Lift and remove the battery cover.
3. Remove the old batteries.
4. Insert eight new 1.5V SUM-3 batteries.
5. Replace the battery cover and secure the screw.

XIII. MAINTENANCE & CLEANING

Servicing not covered in this manual should only be performed by qualified personnel. Repairs should only be performed by qualified personnel. Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and detergent; do not use abrasives or solvents.

For flexible probes (3007):
Always inspect the flexible current probe for any damage.   If any damage is found, do not use the flexible current probe. Return the probe to a qualified person for repair or replacement.

XIV. NOMENCLATURE

V12, V23, V31: Line Voltage
V1, V2, V3: Phase Voltage
I1, I2, I3: Line Current
P1, P2, P3: True Power (W) of Each Phase
S1, S2, S3: Apparent (VA) Power of Each Phase
Q1, Q2, Q3: Reactive Power (VAR) of Each Phase
PΣ: Total System Power (W)
SΣ: Total System Apparent Power (VA)
QΣ: Total System Reactive Power (VAR)
PFΣ: Total System Power Factor (PF)
PF1, PF2, PF3: Power Factor of Each Phase
PFH: Long Term Average Power Factor (WH / SH)
Φ1, Φ2, Φ3: Phase Angle of Each Phase
WH: Watt Hours
SH: VA hours
QH: VAR hours
HZ: Selected Frequency 50, 60 or Auto.
MD: Maximum Demand in W and VA over Specified Interval
3P4W: 3 Phase 4 Wire System
3P3W: 3 Phase 3 Wire System
1P2W: Single Phase 2 Wire System
1P3W: Single Phase 3 Wire System
SEC: sampling interval in seconds from 2 to 3000 for data logging
CT: Current Transformer Ratio from 1 to 600
VT: Voltage Transformer Ratio from 1 to 3000

Address of Agent, Distributor, Importer, or Manufacturer